

SUMMARY OF PREHISTORIC ART

CAVE PAINTINGS = PINTURAS RUPESTRES

Prehistoric artists decorated the walls (paredes) and ceilings (techos) of caves with paintings, This type of painting is known as cave art (ARTE RUPESTRE)

They used very intensive colours by mixing minerals with animal fat.

For example:

- ❖ They made black with coal.
- ❖ Yellow with ochre.
- ❖ Red with manganese.
- ❖ They painted with their hands or with brushes made with animal hair.

CAVE PAINTINGS ON THE IBERIAN PENINSULA

PALAEOLITHIC CAVE PAINTINGS	NEOLITHIC CAVE PAINTINGS
<ul style="list-style-type: none">-In the Cantabrian región.-They are realistic paintings of animals in various colours.-Pictures: mommoths, bison, deer, horses-They are found in:<ul style="list-style-type: none">.- The caves of Altamira (Cantabria).- Tito Bustillo (Asturias).- Ekain (País Vasco)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- In easter regions.- They are simple paintings of people dancing, hunting or gathering fruit in only one color.-They are found in:<ul style="list-style-type: none">.- the caves of La Araña(Valencia).- El Cogul (Catalonia).- and Alpera (Castilla-La Mancha).

MEGALITHIC MONUMENTS

During the Metal Ages, people built the first monuments using large stones called megalithic monuments.

- Menhirs (menhires) are large, upright(vertical), standing (de pie) stones.



- Dolmens(Dólmenes) consist of several upright stones that support a large, flat, horizontal Stone.



- Cromlechs (corona de piedras) consist of circles of large standing stones.

