

SOLUTIONS

SOCIAL SCIENCE ACTIVITIES - 6TH LEVEL

(Semana del 16 al 20. Aquí encontraréis las soluciones a todas las actividades propuestas).

Si tenéis alguna duda podéis consultarme a través del correo electrónico.

COME ON! TOGETHER IS BETTER!

1.- Define

- Population. The population of a country is the number of inhabitants a country has.
- Active population refers to people of working age (working and unemployed people)
- Migration is the movement of people from one place to another due to social factors (to find a job, wars, etc.) or natural causes (floods, earthquakes, etc.).
- Population density is the number of inhabitants per square kilometer.

2.- Calculate the population density of the following provinces.

PROVINCE	POPULATION	AREA
Burgos	376,000	14,000 km ²
Badajoz	700,000	22,000 km ²
Navarra	640,000	10,400 km ²
Las Palmas	1,100,000 (no 1,1000,000)	4,000 km ²
Vizcaya	1,160,000	2,200km ²

Burgos → $376,000 : 14,000 = 26,85$ inhabitants/km²
Badajoz $700,000 : 22,000 = 31,81$ inhabitants/km²
Navarra $640,000 : 10,400 = 61,53$ inhabitants/km²
Las Palmas $1,1000,000 : 4,000 = 275$ inhabitants/km²
Vizcaya $1,160,000 : 2,200 = 527,27$ inhabitants/km²

3.- Write T (true) or F (false). Then, correct the false sentences.

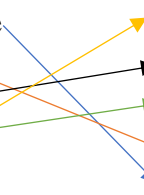
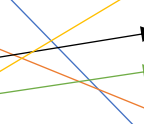



- The primary sector includes jobs which obtain resources from nature. T
- Onshore fishing in Spain is carried out in large, industrial boats in the ocean. F
- Forestry and mining are other activities of the tertiary sector in Europe. F
- The machinery and equipment industry makes machines, tools, vehicles, etc. T
- Construction is an important primary sector activity in Europe and Spain. F
- The tertiary sector includes all jobs which provide services. T
- There are two types of trade: foreign and wholesale. F
- Trade is the buying and selling of products which are produced in the primary and secondary sectors. T
- Imports are products that one country buys from other countries. T
- Wholesale is buying goods from producers and selling them directly to consumers. F

- b.- Offshore fishing in Spain is carried out in large, industrial boats in the ocean.
- c.- Forestry and mining are other activities of the primary sector in Europe.
- e.- Construction is an important secondary sector activity in Europe and Spain.
- g.- There are two types of trade: foreign and domestic.
- j.- Wholesale is buying goods from producers and selling them in smaller quantities to retail shops.

4.- Circle the correct word.

- a. People in the **primary/secondary/tertiary** sector transform raw materials into products.
- b. Heavy industries, such as **graphic arts/metallurgy/construction**, produce materials for other industries.
- c. Equipment and machinery industries build **roads/machines/automobiles** for other industries.
- d. Construction industries build **houses/furniture7robots**.
- e. Consumer industries manufacture products to sell directly to **consumers/factories**.

5.- Match to make sentences. Write them.

- Trade or commerce 
- Domestic trade 
- Foreign trade 
- Imports 
- Exports 

1 - Trade or commerce is the buying and selling of products.

2 - Domestic trade is trade within a country.

3 - Foreign trade is trade between countries.

4 - Imports are products brought from other countries.

5 - Exports are products sold to other countries.

6.- Complete the table.

ACTIVITY	INDUSTRY	SECTOR
making steel	metallurgy	secondary
guiding tourists	tourism	tertiary
feeding sheep	livestock farming	primary
picking grapes	agriculture	primary
packing food	consumer goods	secondary
making shoes	consumer goods	secondary
making motors	machinery and equipment	secondary

7.- Complete the diagram about the economic sectors.

